

AN ACT

relating to the Texas Forensic Science Commission, the accreditation of crime laboratories, and the licensing and regulation of forensic analysts; authorizing fees; requiring an occupational license.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Section 2, Article 38.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended by amending Subdivision (1) and adding Subdivision (5) to read as follows:

(1) "Accredited field of forensic science" means a specific forensic method or methodology validated or approved by the commission under this article [~~public safety director of the Department of Public Safety under Section 411.0205(b-1)(2), Government Code, as part of the accreditation process for crime laboratories established by rule under Section 411.0205(b) of that code~~].

(5) "Physical evidence" has the meaning assigned by Article 38.35.

SECTION 2. Section 3(a), Article 38.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

(a) The commission is composed of nine members appointed by the governor as follows:

(1) two members who must have expertise in the field of forensic science;

1           (2) one member who must be a prosecuting attorney that  
2 the governor selects from a list of 10 names submitted by the Texas  
3 District and County Attorneys Association;

4           (3) one member who must be a defense attorney that the  
5 governor selects from a list of 10 names submitted by the Texas  
6 Criminal Defense Lawyers Association;

7           (4) one member who must be a faculty member or staff  
8 member of The University of Texas who specializes in clinical  
9 laboratory medicine that the governor selects from a list of five  
10 [~~10~~] names submitted by the chancellor of The University of Texas  
11 System;

12           (5) one member who must be a faculty member or staff  
13 member of Texas A&M University who specializes in clinical  
14 laboratory medicine that the governor selects from a list of five  
15 [~~10~~] names submitted by the chancellor of The Texas A&M University  
16 System;

17           (6) one member who must be a faculty member or staff  
18 member of Texas Southern University that the governor selects from  
19 a list of five [~~10~~] names submitted by the chancellor of Texas  
20 Southern University;

21           (7) one member who must be a director or division head  
22 of the University of North Texas Health Science Center at Fort Worth  
23 Missing Persons DNA Database; and

24           (8) one member who must be a faculty or staff member of  
25 the Sam Houston State University College of Criminal Justice and  
26 have expertise in the field of forensic science or statistical  
27 analyses that the governor selects from a list of five [~~10~~] names

1 submitted by the chancellor of the Texas State University System.

2 SECTION 3. Sections 4(b) and (b-1), Article 38.01, Code of  
3 Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

4 (b) If the commission conducts an investigation under  
5 Subsection (a)(3) of a crime laboratory that is accredited [~~by the~~  
6 ~~Department of Public Safety~~] under this article [~~Section 411.0205,~~  
7 ~~Government Code,~~] pursuant to an allegation of professional  
8 negligence or professional misconduct involving an accredited  
9 field of forensic science, the investigation:

10 (1) must include the preparation of a written report  
11 that identifies and also describes the methods and procedures used  
12 to identify:

- 13 (A) the alleged negligence or misconduct;
- 14 (B) whether negligence or misconduct occurred;
- 15 (C) any corrective action required of the  
16 laboratory, facility, or entity;
- 17 (D) observations of the commission regarding the  
18 integrity and reliability of the forensic analysis conducted;
- 19 (E) best practices identified by the commission  
20 during the course of the investigation; and
- 21 (F) other recommendations that are relevant, as  
22 determined by the commission; and

23 (2) may include one or more:

- 24 (A) retrospective reexaminations of other  
25 forensic analyses conducted by the laboratory, facility, or entity  
26 that may involve the same kind of negligence or misconduct; and
- 27 (B) follow-up evaluations of the laboratory,

1 facility, or entity to review:

2 (i) the implementation of any corrective  
3 action required under Subdivision (1)(C); or

4 (ii) the conclusion of any retrospective  
5 reexamination under Paragraph (A).

6 (b-1) If the commission conducts an investigation under  
7 Subsection (a)(3) of a crime laboratory that is not accredited [~~by~~  
8 ~~the Department of Public Safety~~] under this article [~~Section~~  
9 ~~411.0205, Government Code,~~] or the investigation is conducted  
10 pursuant to an allegation involving a forensic method or  
11 methodology that is not an accredited field of forensic science,  
12 the investigation may include the preparation of a written report  
13 that contains:

14 (1) observations of the commission regarding the  
15 integrity and reliability of the forensic analysis conducted;

16 (2) best practices identified by the commission during  
17 the course of the investigation; or

18 (3) other recommendations that are relevant, as  
19 determined by the commission.

20 SECTION 4. Article 38.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, is  
21 amended by adding Sections 3-a, 4-a, 4-b, and 4-c to read as  
22 follows:

23 Sec. 3-a. RULES. The commission shall adopt rules  
24 necessary to implement this article.

25 Sec. 4-a. FORENSIC ANALYST LICENSING. (a) Notwithstanding  
26 Section 2, in this section:

27 (1) "Forensic analysis" has the meaning assigned by

1 Article 38.35.

2 (2) "Forensic analyst" means a person who on behalf of  
3 a crime laboratory accredited under this article technically  
4 reviews or performs a forensic analysis or draws conclusions from  
5 or interprets a forensic analysis for a court or crime laboratory.  
6 The term does not include a medical examiner or other forensic  
7 pathologist who is a licensed physician.

8 (b) A person may not act or offer to act as a forensic  
9 analyst unless the person holds a forensic analyst license. The  
10 commission by rule may establish classifications of forensic  
11 analyst licenses if the commission determines that it is necessary  
12 to ensure the availability of properly trained and qualified  
13 forensic analysts to perform activities regulated by the  
14 commission.

15 (c) The commission by rule may establish voluntary  
16 licensing programs for forensic disciplines that are not subject to  
17 accreditation under this article.

18 (d) The commission by rule shall:

19 (1) establish the qualifications for a license that  
20 include:

21 (A) successful completion of the education  
22 requirements established by the commission;

23 (B) specific course work and experience,  
24 including instruction in courtroom testimony and ethics in a crime  
25 laboratory;

26 (C) successful completion of an examination  
27 required or recognized by the commission; and

1                   (D) successful completion of proficiency testing  
2 to the extent required for crime laboratory accreditation;

3                   (2) set fees for the issuance and renewal of a license;  
4 and

5                   (3) establish the term of a forensic analyst license.

6           (e) The commission by rule may recognize a certification  
7 issued by a national organization in an accredited field of  
8 forensic science as satisfying the requirements established under  
9 Subsection (d)(1)(C) to the extent the commission determines the  
10 content required to receive the certification is substantially  
11 equivalent to the content of the requirements under that  
12 subsection.

13           (f) The commission shall issue a license to an applicant  
14 who:

15                   (1) submits an application on a form prescribed by the  
16 commission;

17                   (2) meets the qualifications established by  
18 commission rule; and

19                   (3) pays the required fee.

20           Sec. 4-b. ADVISORY COMMITTEE. (a) The commission shall  
21 establish an advisory committee to advise the commission and make  
22 recommendations on matters related to the licensing of forensic  
23 analysts under Section 4-a.

24           (b) The advisory committee consists of nine members as  
25 follows:

26                   (1) one prosecuting attorney recommended by the Texas  
27 District and County Attorneys Association;

1           (2) one defense attorney recommended by the Texas  
2 Criminal Defense Lawyers Association; and

3           (3) seven members who are forensic scientists, crime  
4 laboratory directors, or crime laboratory quality managers,  
5 selected by the commission from a list of 20 names submitted by the  
6 Texas Association of Crime Laboratory Directors.

7           (c) The commission shall ensure that appointments under  
8 Subsection (b)(3) include representation from municipal, county,  
9 state, and private crime laboratories that are accredited under  
10 this article.

11           (d) The advisory committee members serve staggered two-year  
12 terms, with the terms of four or five members, as appropriate,  
13 expiring on August 31 of each year. An advisory committee member  
14 may not serve more than two consecutive terms. A vacancy on the  
15 advisory committee is filled by appointing a member in the same  
16 manner as the original appointment to serve for the unexpired  
17 portion of the term.

18           (e) The advisory committee shall elect a presiding officer  
19 from among its members to serve a one-year term. A member may serve  
20 more than one term as presiding officer.

21           (f) The advisory committee shall meet annually and at the  
22 call of the presiding officer or the commission.

23           (g) An advisory committee member is not entitled to  
24 compensation. A member is entitled to reimbursement for actual and  
25 necessary expenses incurred in performing duties as a member of the  
26 advisory committee subject to the General Appropriations Act.

27           (h) Chapter 2110, Government Code, does not apply to the

1 advisory committee.

2 Sec. 4-c. DISCIPLINARY ACTION. (a) On a determination by  
3 the commission that a license holder has committed professional  
4 misconduct under this article or violated this article or a rule or  
5 order of the commission under this article, the commission may:

6 (1) revoke or suspend the person's license;

7 (2) refuse to renew the person's license; or

8 (3) reprimand the license holder.

9 (b) The commission may place on probation a person whose  
10 license is suspended. If a license suspension is probated, the  
11 commission may require the license holder to:

12 (1) report regularly to the commission on matters that  
13 are the basis of the probation; or

14 (2) continue or review continuing professional  
15 education until the license holder attains a degree of skill  
16 satisfactory to the commission in those areas that are the basis of  
17 the probation.

18 (c) Disciplinary proceedings of the commission are governed  
19 by Chapter 2001, Government Code. A hearing under this section  
20 shall be conducted by an administrative law judge of the State  
21 Office of Administrative Hearings.

22 SECTION 5. Section 411.0205, Government Code, is  
23 transferred to Chapter 38, Code of Criminal Procedure, redesignated  
24 as Section 4-d, Article 38.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, and  
25 amended to read as follows:

26 Sec. 4-d [411.0205]. CRIME LABORATORY ACCREDITATION  
27 PROCESS. (a) Notwithstanding Section 2, in this section [~~In this~~



1 ~~section, "crime laboratory,"~~ "forensic analysis" has the meaning  
2 [~~analysis," and "physical evidence" have the meanings~~] assigned by  
3 Article 38.35 [~~, Code of Criminal Procedure~~].

4 (b) The commission [~~director~~] by rule:

5 (1) shall establish an accreditation process for crime  
6 laboratories and other entities conducting forensic analyses of  
7 physical evidence for use in criminal proceedings; and

8 (2) may modify or remove a crime laboratory exemption  
9 under this section if the commission [~~director~~] determines that the  
10 underlying reason for the exemption no longer applies.

11 (b-1) As part of the accreditation process established and  
12 implemented under Subsection (b), the commission [~~director~~] may:

13 (1) establish minimum standards that relate to the  
14 timely production of a forensic analysis to the agency requesting  
15 the analysis and that are consistent with this article and  
16 applicable laws [~~code~~];

17 (2) validate or approve specific forensic methods or  
18 methodologies; and

19 (3) establish procedures, policies, and practices to  
20 improve the quality of forensic analyses conducted in this state.

21 (b-2) The commission [~~director~~] may require that a  
22 laboratory, facility, or entity required to be accredited under  
23 this section pay any costs incurred to ensure compliance with the  
24 accreditation process.

25 (b-3) A [~~The director shall require that a~~] laboratory,  
26 facility, or entity that must be accredited under this section  
27 shall, as part of the accreditation process, agree to consent to any

1 request for cooperation by the commission [~~Texas Forensic Science~~  
2 ~~Commission~~] that is made as part of the exercise of the commission's  
3 duties under this article [~~Article 38.01, Code of Criminal~~  
4 ~~Procedure~~].

5 (c) The commission [~~director~~] by rule may exempt from the  
6 accreditation process established under Subsection (b) a crime  
7 laboratory conducting a forensic analysis or a type of analysis,  
8 examination, or test if the commission [~~director~~] determines that:

9 (1) independent accreditation is unavailable or  
10 inappropriate for the laboratory or the type of analysis,  
11 examination, or test performed by the laboratory;

12 (2) the type of analysis, examination, or test  
13 performed by the laboratory is admissible under a well-established  
14 rule of evidence or a statute other than Article 38.35 [~~, Code of~~  
15 ~~Criminal Procedure~~];

16 (3) the type of analysis, examination, or test  
17 performed by the laboratory is routinely conducted outside of a  
18 crime laboratory by a person other than an employee of the crime  
19 laboratory; or

20 (4) the laboratory:

21 (A) is located outside this state or, if located  
22 in this state, is operated by a governmental entity other than the  
23 state or a political subdivision of the state; and

24 (B) was accredited at the time of the analysis  
25 under an accreditation process with standards that meet or exceed  
26 the relevant standards of the process established [~~by the director~~]  
27 under Subsection (b).

1 (d) The commission [~~director~~] may at any reasonable time  
2 enter and inspect the premises or audit the records, reports,  
3 procedures, or other quality assurance matters of a crime  
4 laboratory that is accredited or seeking accreditation under this  
5 section.

6 (e) The commission [~~director~~] may collect costs incurred  
7 under this section for accrediting, inspecting, or auditing a crime  
8 laboratory.

9 (f) If the commission [~~director~~] provides a copy of an audit  
10 or other report made under this section, the commission [~~director~~]  
11 may charge \$6 for the copy, in addition to any other cost permitted  
12 under Chapter 552, Government Code, or a rule adopted under that  
13 chapter.

14 [~~(g) Funds collected under this section shall be deposited  
15 in the state treasury to the credit of the state highway fund, and  
16 money deposited to the state highway fund under this section may be  
17 used only to defray the cost of administering this section or  
18 Subchapter G.]~~

19 SECTION 6. Section 8, Article 38.01, Code of Criminal  
20 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

21 Sec. 8. ANNUAL REPORT. Not later than December 1 of each  
22 year, the commission shall prepare and publish a report that  
23 includes:

24 (1) a description of each complaint filed with the  
25 commission during the preceding 12-month period, the disposition of  
26 each complaint, and the status of any complaint still pending on  
27 December 31;

1           (2) a description of any specific forensic method or  
2 methodology the commission designates [~~recommends to the public~~  
3 ~~safety director of the Department of Public Safety for validation~~  
4 ~~or approval under Section 411.0205(b-1)(2), Government Code,~~] as  
5 part of the accreditation process for crime laboratories  
6 established by rule under this article [~~Section 411.0205(b) of that~~  
7 ~~code~~];

8           (3) recommendations for best practices concerning the  
9 definition of "forensic analysis" provided by statute or by rule  
10 [~~of the Department of Public Safety~~];

11           (4) developments in forensic science made or used in  
12 other state or federal investigations and the activities of the  
13 commission, if any, with respect to those developments; and

14           (5) other information that is relevant to  
15 investigations involving forensic science, as determined by the  
16 presiding officer of the commission.

17           SECTION 7. Article 38.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, is  
18 amended by adding Section 12 to read as follows:

19           Sec. 12. COLLECTION OF CERTAIN FORENSIC EVIDENCE. The  
20 commission shall establish a method for collecting DNA and other  
21 forensic evidence related to unidentified bodies located less than  
22 120 miles from the Rio Grande River.

23           SECTION 8. Articles 38.35(a)(3) and (4), Code of Criminal  
24 Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

25           (3) "Commission" [~~"Director"~~] means the Texas  
26 Forensic Science Commission established under Article 38.01  
27 [~~public safety director of the Department of Public Safety~~].

1           (4) "Forensic analysis" means a medical, chemical,  
2 toxicologic, ballistic, or other expert examination or test  
3 performed on physical evidence, including DNA evidence, for the  
4 purpose of determining the connection of the evidence to a criminal  
5 action. The term includes an examination or test requested by a  
6 law enforcement agency, prosecutor, criminal suspect or defendant,  
7 or court. The term does not include:

8                   (A) latent print examination;

9                   (B) a test of a specimen of breath under Chapter  
10 724, Transportation Code;

11                   (C) digital evidence;

12                   (D) an examination or test excluded by rule under  
13 Article 38.01 [~~Section 411.0205(c), Government Code~~];

14                   (E) a presumptive test performed for the purpose  
15 of determining compliance with a term or condition of community  
16 supervision or parole and conducted by or under contract with a  
17 community supervision and corrections department, the parole  
18 division of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, or the Board  
19 of Pardons and Paroles; or

20                   (F) an expert examination or test conducted  
21 principally for the purpose of scientific research, medical  
22 practice, civil or administrative litigation, or other purpose  
23 unrelated to determining the connection of physical evidence to a  
24 criminal action.

25           SECTION 9. Articles 38.35(d) and (e), Code of Criminal  
26 Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

27           (d)(1) Except as provided by Subsection (e), a forensic

1 analysis of physical evidence under this article and expert  
2 testimony relating to the evidence are not admissible in a criminal  
3 action if, at the time of the analysis, the crime laboratory  
4 conducting the analysis was not accredited by the commission  
5 [~~director~~] under Article 38.01 [~~Section 411.0205, Government~~  
6 ~~Code~~].

7 (2) If before the date of the analysis the commission  
8 [~~director~~] issues a certificate of accreditation under Article  
9 38.01 [~~Section 411.0205, Government Code,~~] to a crime laboratory  
10 conducting the analysis, the certificate is prima facie evidence  
11 that the laboratory was accredited by the commission [~~director~~] at  
12 the time of the analysis.

13 (e) A forensic analysis of physical evidence under this  
14 article and expert testimony relating to the evidence are not  
15 inadmissible in a criminal action based solely on the accreditation  
16 status of the crime laboratory conducting the analysis if the  
17 laboratory:

18 (A) except for making proper application, was  
19 eligible for accreditation by the commission [~~director~~] at the time  
20 of the examination or test; and

21 (B) obtains accreditation from the commission  
22 [~~director~~] before the time of testimony about the examination or  
23 test.

24 SECTION 10. Articles 38.43(i) and (m), Code of Criminal  
25 Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

26 (i) Before a defendant is tried for a capital offense in  
27 which the state is seeking the death penalty, subject to Subsection

1 (j), the state shall require either the Department of Public Safety  
2 through one of its laboratories or a laboratory accredited under  
3 Article 38.01 [~~Section 411.0205, Government Code,~~] to perform DNA  
4 testing, in accordance with the laboratory's capabilities at the  
5 time the testing is performed, on any biological evidence that was  
6 collected as part of an investigation of the offense and is in the  
7 possession of the state. The laboratory that performs the DNA  
8 testing shall pay for all DNA testing performed in accordance with  
9 this subsection.

10 (m) A defendant may have another laboratory accredited  
11 under Article 38.01 [~~Section 411.0205, Government Code,~~] perform  
12 additional testing of any biological evidence required to be tested  
13 under Subsection (i). On an ex parte showing of good cause to the  
14 court, a defendant may have a laboratory accredited under Article  
15 38.01 [~~Section 411.0205, Government Code,~~] perform testing of any  
16 biological material that is not required to be tested under  
17 Subsection (i). The defendant is responsible for the cost of any  
18 testing performed under this subsection.

19 SECTION 11. Article 64.03(c), Code of Criminal Procedure,  
20 is amended to read as follows:

21 (c) If the convicting court finds in the affirmative the  
22 issues listed in Subsection (a)(1) and the convicted person meets  
23 the requirements of Subsection (a)(2), the court shall order that  
24 the requested forensic DNA testing be conducted. The court may  
25 order the test to be conducted by:

- 26 (1) the Department of Public Safety;
- 27 (2) a laboratory operating under a contract with the

1 department; or

2 (3) on the request of the convicted person, another  
3 laboratory if that laboratory is accredited under Article 38.01  
4 [~~Section 411.0205, Government Code~~].

5 SECTION 12. Section 411.145(c), Government Code, is amended  
6 to read as follows:

7 (c) A fee collected under this section shall be deposited in  
8 the state treasury to the credit of the state highway fund, and  
9 money deposited to the state highway fund under this section and  
10 under Articles 42.12 and 102.020(h), Code of Criminal Procedure,  
11 may be used only to defray the cost of administering this subchapter  
12 [~~and Section 411.0205~~].

13 SECTION 13. Section 420.003(1), Government Code, is amended  
14 to read as follows:

15 (1) "Accredited crime laboratory" means a crime  
16 laboratory, as that term is defined by Article 38.35, Code of  
17 Criminal Procedure, that has been accredited under Article 38.01 of  
18 that code [~~Section 411.0205~~].

19 SECTION 14. On the effective date of this Act:

20 (1) a certificate of accreditation issued by the  
21 Department of Public Safety under former Section 411.0205,  
22 Government Code, is continued in effect as a certificate of  
23 accreditation of the Texas Forensic Science Commission; and

24 (2) an application or proceeding before the Department  
25 of Public Safety under former Section 411.0205, Government Code,  
26 that is pending on the effective date of this Act is transferred  
27 without change in status to the Texas Forensic Science Commission.



1           SECTION 15. Not later than January 1, 2016, the Texas  
2 Forensic Science Commission shall appoint the members of the  
3 advisory committee in accordance with Section 4-b, Article 38.01,  
4 Code of Criminal Procedure, as added by this Act. In making the  
5 appointments, the commission shall designate:

6                   (1) four members to serve terms expiring August 31,  
7 2016; and

8                   (2) five members to serve terms expiring August 31,  
9 2017.

10           SECTION 16. Not later than January 1, 2017, the Texas  
11 Forensic Science Commission shall make recommendations to the  
12 legislature regarding suggested changes to the licensing of  
13 forensic analysts as established by this Act, including  
14 recommendations regarding the issuance of licenses to individuals  
15 practicing as forensic analysts on the effective date of this Act.

16           SECTION 17. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of  
17 this section, this Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

18                   (b) Section 4-a(b), Article 38.01, Code of Criminal  
19 Procedure, as added by this Act, takes effect January 1, 2019.

\_\_\_\_\_  
President of the Senate

\_\_\_\_\_  
Speaker of the House

I hereby certify that S.B. No. 1287 passed the Senate on April 16, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 30, Nays 1; and that the Senate concurred in House amendments on May 29, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 28, Nays 3.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Secretary of the Senate

I hereby certify that S.B. No. 1287 passed the House, with amendments, on May 26, 2015, by the following vote: Yeas 74, Nays 72, two present not voting.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Chief Clerk of the House

Approved:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Governor