

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS

Misc. Docket No. 20-9059

TWELFTH EMERGENCY ORDER REGARDING THE COVID-19 STATE OF DISASTER

ORDERED that:

1. Governor Abbott has declared a state of disaster in all 254 counties in the State of Texas in response to the imminent threat of the COVID-19 pandemic. This Order, except for paragraph 9, is issued pursuant to Section 22.0035(b) of the Texas Government Code.

2. The following Emergency Orders are renewed as clarified and amended: the First Emergency Order (Misc. Dkt. No. 20-9042 and Court of Criminal Appeals of Texas Misc. Dkt. No. 20-007), as amended by the Third Emergency Order (Misc. Dkt. No. 20-9044 and Court of Criminal Appeals of Texas Misc. Dkt. No. 20-008) and the Eighth Emergency Order (Misc. Dkt. No. 20-9051); the Second Emergency Order (Misc. Dkt. No. 20-9043); the Fifth Emergency Order (Misc. Dkt. No. 20-9046); the Seventh Emergency Order (Misc. Dkt. No. 20-9050); the Ninth Emergency Order (Misc. Dkt. No. 20-9052); and the Eleventh Emergency Order (Misc. Dkt. No. 20-9055).

3. Subject only to constitutional limitations, all courts in Texas may in any case, civil or criminal—and must to avoid risk to court staff, parties, attorneys, jurors, and the public—without a participant’s consent:

a. Modify or suspend any and all deadlines and procedures, whether prescribed by statute, rule, or order, specifically including those in Section 263.401 of the Family Code and in all proceedings under Subtitle E, Title 5, of the Family Code, for a stated period ending no later than 30 days after the Governor’s state of disaster has been lifted;

b. Allow or require anyone involved in any hearing, deposition, or other proceeding of any kind—including but not limited to a party, attorney, witness, court

reporter, or grand juror, but not including a petit juror—to participate remotely, such as by teleconferencing, videoconferencing, or other means;

c. Consider as evidence sworn statements made out of court or sworn testimony given remotely, out of court, such as by teleconferencing, videoconferencing, or other means;

d. Conduct proceedings away from the court’s usual location with reasonable notice and access to the participants and the public;

e. Require every participant in a proceeding to alert the court if the participant has, or knows of another participant who has, COVID-19 or flu-like symptoms, or a fever, cough or sneezing;

f. Take any other reasonable action to avoid exposing court proceedings to the threat of COVID-19.

4. Courts must not conduct in-person proceedings contrary to guidance issued by the Office of Court Administration regarding social distancing, maximum group size, and other restrictions and precautions. Courts should use all reasonable efforts to conduct proceedings remotely.

5. Any deadline for the filing or service of any civil case that falls on a day between March 13, 2020, and June 1, 2020, is extended until July 15, 2020. This does not include deadlines for perfecting appeal or for other appellate proceedings, requests for relief from which should be directed to the court involved and should be generously granted.

6. In determining a person’s right to possession of and access to a child under a court-ordered possession schedule in a Suit Affecting the Parent-Child Relationship, the existing trial court order shall control in all instances. Possession of and access to a child shall not be affected by any shelter-in-place order or other order restricting movement issued by a governmental entity that arises from the pandemic. The original published school schedule shall also control, and possession and access shall not be affected by the school’s closure that arises from the pandemic. Nothing herein prevents parties from altering a possession schedule by agreement if allowed by their court order(s), or courts from modifying their orders on an emergency basis or otherwise.

7. In any action for eviction to recover possession of residential property under Chapter 24 of the Texas Property Code and Rule 510 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure:

a. No trial, hearing, or other proceeding may be conducted, and all deadlines are tolled, until after May 18, 2020;

b. A writ of possession may issue, but the posting of the written warning required by § 24.0061(d)(1) of the Property Code and the execution of the writ of possession may not occur until after May 25, 2020, and the deadlines in Rules 510.8(d)(1)-(d)(2) are suspended while this Order remains in effect; and

c. New filings may be accepted, but the time period in Rule 510.4(a)(10) is suspended, and issuance and service of citation may not occur until after May 18, 2020.

8. A case covered by Paragraph 7 may nevertheless proceed and a writ of possession may issue if, but only if:

a. The plaintiff files a “Sworn Complaint for Forcible Detainer for Threat to Person or For Cause”;

b. The court determines that the facts and grounds for eviction stated in the Complaint, under oath with personal knowledge, taken as true, show that the actions of the tenant, or the tenant’s household members or guests, have threatened or pose an imminent threat of (i) physical harm to the plaintiff, the plaintiff’s employees, or other tenants, or (ii) criminal activity; and

c. The court signs an order stating procedures for the case to proceed.

9. All deadlines, whether prescribed by statute, rule, or order, that expired or would have expired between March 13, 2020, and June 1, 2020, are extended until July 15, 2020:

a. in attorney professional disciplinary and disability proceedings; and

b. relating to the issuance or renewal of certifications, licenses, or registrations issued by the Judicial Branch Certification Commission, or for fulfilling mandatory continuing education.

10. This order is effective immediately and expires June 1, 2020, except as otherwise stated herein, and unless extended by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

11. The Clerk of the Supreme Court is directed to:

a. post a copy of this Order on www.txcourts.gov;

- b. file a copy of this Order with the Secretary of State; and
- c. send a copy of this Order to the Governor, the Attorney General, and each member of the Legislature.

12. The State Bar of Texas is directed to take all reasonable steps to notify members of the Texas bar of this Order.

Dated: April 27, 2020



Nathan L. Hecht
Chief Justice