# SURVEY OF Judicial Salaries

### Ohio Judges Receive Long-Awaited Raise

On September 29, 2015, judges in Ohio received the first of four pay increases proposed to be phased in over the next three years. Each bump will be 5 percent. It is the first movement in compensation for Ohio judges since 2007. Before the 2015 boost, Ohio ranked 47th in the nation in pay for its general-jurisdiction, trial-court judges.

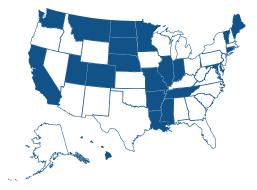
"I am grateful to Governor John Kasich, Senate President Keith Faber, and Speaker Cliff Rosenberger for working together to adjust judicial salaries to reflect the important work that judges do," Supreme Court of Ohio Chief Justice Maureen O'Connor said. Michigan continues to hold the mark as the state that has gone the longest without a judicial pay increase. In 2011 and 2013 commissions recommended increases for Michigan judges; however, such suggestions have not yet gained legislative approval.

The table on the left list states where judges have waited the longest for a pay increase. All states on the list except Kansas have salary commissions that provide recommendations to the legislature. More information on *How States Set Their Salaries* can be found here. The map below shows the 22 states that have received salary increases between January and July, 2015.

#### General-Jurisdiction Judges: States without Recent Salary Increases

	Current Salary	Last Increase	Years Since Last Increase
Michigan	\$139,919	2002	13
New Jersey	\$165,000	2008	7
Nevada	\$160,000	2008	7
Arizona	\$145,000	2008	7
Alabama	\$134,943	2008	7
Kansas	\$120,037	2008	7
Kentucky	\$124,620	2009	6

### **States Receiving Salary Increases as of July 2015**



## Judicial Salaries at a Glance

The average annual percent change for the four judicial positions, and the state court administrators analyzed by the *Survey*, is 1.61% for increases from January 1, 2015 through July 1, 2015. As indicated in the table below, this increase remains below the prerecession (2003-2007) average increase of 3.24%. With the nation's economic recovery still tepid, the rebound in annual increases from the low seen during the 2010-2011 period of the recession will be slow and variable.

				Average Annual % Change				
				Pre-Recession	Recession	Recession	Recovery	
	Mean	Median	Range	2003-2007	2008-2009	2010-2011	2012-2015	
Chief, Highest Court	\$171,306	\$167,210	\$133,174 to \$241,978	3.19%	1.58%	0.67%	2.08%	
Associate Justice, Court of Last Resort	\$165,922	\$166,159	\$129,625 to \$230,750	3.21%	1.88%	0.64%	2.11%	
Judge, Intermediate Appellate Courts	\$159,559	\$159,484	\$124,616 to \$216,330	3.20%	1.60%	0.36%	2.09%	
Judge, General-Jurisdiction Trial Courts	\$149,392	\$146,803	\$118,385 to \$201,100	3.30%	1.91%	0.58%	2.16%	
State Court Administrators	\$147,658	\$139,059	\$92,960 to \$245,640	3.30%	1.38%	0.89%	1.98%	
						9		
			Ave	rage 3.24%	1.67%	0.63%	2.09%	

#### Salaries and Rankings for Appellate and General-Jurisdiction Judges - Listed Alphabetically by State Name

The table below lists the salaries and rankings for associate justices of the courts of last resort, associate judges of intermediate appellate courts, and judges of general-jurisdiction trial courts (actual salaries and cost-of-living-adjusted salaries) as of July 1, 2015. Where possible, the salary figures are actual salaries. In jurisdictions where some judges receive supplements, the figures are the most representative available—either the base salary, the midpoint of a range between the lowest and highest supplemented salaries, or the median. Salaries are ranked from highest to lowest, with the highest salary for each position having a rank of "1." The lowest salary has a rank of "51" except for intermediate appellate courts, which exist in only 40 states. The mean, median, and salary range for each of the positions are also shown.

	Linkest	Count	Interme			General-	Jurisdiction Tria	l Court	
	Highest Court		Appellate	Appellate Court			Adjusted for Cost of Living		
	Salary	Rank	Salary	Rank	Salary	Rank	Adjustment Factor	Adjusted Salary	Adjustec Rank
Alabama	\$180,005	13	\$178,878	6	\$134,943	37	95.72	\$140,984	19
Alaska	\$200,172	6	\$189,108	5	\$185,088	5	131.37	\$140,890	20
Arizona	\$155,000	34	\$150,000	29	\$145,000	29	106.20	\$136,537	28
Arkansas	\$166,500	25	\$161,500	18	\$160,000	14	94.63	\$169,073	4
California	\$230,750	1	\$216,330	1	\$189,041	4	134.67	\$140,369	21
Colorado	\$173,024	16	\$166,170	13	\$159,320	16	108.66	\$146,619	13
Connecticut	\$185,610	10	\$174,323	10	\$167,634	10	133.42	\$125,646	37
Delaware	\$192,360	8			\$180,733	6	106.39	\$169,885	3
District of Columbia		4			\$201,100	1	139.94	\$143,702	16
Florida	\$162,200	32	\$154,140	25	\$146,080	28	104.58	\$139,683	23
Georgia	\$167,210	24	\$166,186	12	\$156,252	18	103.28	\$151,292	6
Hawaii	\$214,524	3	\$198,624	3	\$193,248	2	133.41	\$144,851	15
daho	\$135,000	48	\$130,000	39	\$124,000	46	101.24	\$122,485	41
llinois	\$220,873	2	\$207,882	2	\$190,758	3	112.15	\$170,096	2
ndiana	\$165,078	27	\$160,468	20	\$137,062	35	99.09	\$138,326	26
owa	\$170,544	19	\$154,556	24	\$143,897	30	100.23	\$143,565	17
Kansas	\$135,905	45	\$131,518	36	\$120,037	50	100.23	\$117,870	45
Kentucky	\$135,504	47	\$130,044	38	\$120,037	44	95.48	\$130,513	34
Louisiana	\$164,590	30	\$154,059	26	\$148,108	25	100.31	\$147,651	11
Vaine	\$129,625	51	Φ104,009	20	\$121,472	48	122.01	\$99,557	51
Maryland	\$176,433	14	\$163,633	17	\$154,433	20	113.46	\$136,118	29
Massachusetts	\$175,984	14	\$165,087	14		15	134.43	\$130,118	44
	\$164,610	29		28	\$159,694		100.57	\$139,123	24
Vichigan		31	\$151,441		\$139,919	32			24
/innesota	\$162,630		\$153,240	27	\$143,851	31	103.58	\$138,873 \$136,709	
Mississippi	\$142,320	39	\$134,883	32	\$128,042	40	93.66	. ,	27
Missouri	\$170,292	20	\$155,709	23	\$146,803	26	100.67	\$145,828	14
Montana	\$136,177	43	\$457.0F4		\$126,131	42	103.91	\$121,390	43
Nebraska	\$166,159	26	\$157,851	22	\$153,697	21	101.98	\$150,707	7
Nevada	\$170,000	21	\$165,000	15	\$160,000	13	106.28	\$150,544	8
New Hampshire	\$155,907	33			\$146,236	27	125.42	\$116,600	46
New Jersey	\$185,482	11	\$175,534	9	\$165,000	11	121.43	\$135,881	30
New Mexico	\$131,174	50	\$124,616	40	\$118,385	51	103.62	\$114,244	47
New York	\$192,500	7	\$177,900	7	\$174,000	8	152.68	\$113,960	48
North Carolina	\$139,896	41	\$134,109	33	\$126,875	41	102.11	\$124,253	38
North Dakota	\$152,436	35			\$139,679	34	103.13	\$135,439	31
Dhio	\$141,600	40	\$132,000	35	\$121,350	49	98.48	\$123,222	39
Oklahoma	\$137,655	42	\$130,410	37	\$131,835	38	98.03	\$134,482	33
Dregon	\$135,688	46	\$132,820	34	\$124,468	45	114.32	\$108,880	50
Pennsylvania	\$203,409	5	\$191,926	4	\$176,572	7	114.83	\$153,769	5
Rhode Island	\$172,422	18			\$155,235	19	127.64	\$121,619	42
South Carolina	\$144,111	38	\$140,508	30	\$136,905	36	101.31	\$135,132	32
South Dakota	\$131,713	49			\$123,024	47	100.15	\$122,845	40
Tennessee	\$182,508	12	\$176,436	8	\$170,352	9	96.33	\$176,845	1
Texas	\$168,000	23	\$158,500	21	\$149,000	24	101.51	\$146,784	12
Jtah	\$168,150	22	\$160,500	19	\$152,850	22	103.44	\$147,770	10
/ermont	\$147,095	37			\$139,837	33	123.72	\$113,031	49
/irginia	\$188,949	9	\$173,177	11	\$162,878	12	109.02	\$149,404	9
Nashington	\$172,531	17	\$164,238	16	\$156,363	17	111.92	\$139,715	22
West Virginia	\$136,000	44			\$126,000	43	98.02	\$128,543	36
Wisconsin	\$147,403	36	\$139,059	31	\$131,187	39	101.94	\$128,686	35
Wyoming	\$165,000	28			\$150,000	23	106.37	\$141,012	18
vlean	\$165,922		\$159,484		\$149,392				
Median	\$166,159		\$159,559		\$146,803				
Range \$129,625 to	\$230,750	\$12	4,616 to \$216,330		\$118,385 to \$201,100				

**Using the C2ER Cost-of-Living Index.** The Council for Community and Economic Research—C2ER—is the most widely accepted U.S. source for cost-of-living indices, with nearly 400 reporting jurisdictions across America. The cost-of-living indices used in this report were developed by C2ER using a robust, multivariable model, which incorporates the costs of goods and services within a reporting jurisdiction along with seven additional variables to greatly improve predicted, statewide average C2ER factors. The seven variables are community population, population density, income, growth rate, utility rates, efficiency of the government sector, and location of the region. More detailed information can be found at www.c2er.org.

#### Salaries and Rankings for Appellate and General-Jurisdiction Judges - Listed in Order of State Rank

The table below lists the salaries and rankings for associate justices of the courts of last resort, associate judges of intermediate appellate courts, and judges of general-jurisdiction trial courts (actual salaries and cost-of-living-adjusted salaries) as of July 1, 2015. Where possible, the salary figures are actual salaries. In jurisdictions where some judges receive supplements, the figures are the most representative available—either the base salary, the midpoint of a range between the lowest and highest supplemented salaries, or the median. Salaries are ranked from highest to lowest, with the highest salary for each position having a rank of "1." The lowest salary has a rank of "51" except for intermediate appellate courts, which exist in only 40 states. The mean, median, and salary range for each of the positions are also shown.

Highest Court		Interme	Intermediate Appellate Court		General-Jurisdiction Trial Court				
		Appellate			Salary		Adjusted for Cost of Living		
California	\$230,750	California	\$216,330	District of Columbia	a \$201,100	Tennessee	\$176,845		
Ilinois	\$220,873	Illinois	\$207,882	Hawaii	\$193,248	Illinois	\$170,096		
lawaii	\$214,524	Hawaii	\$198,624	Illinois	\$190,758	Delaware	\$169,88		
District of Columbia	\$213,300	Pennsylvania	\$191,926	California	\$189,041	Arkansas	\$169,073		
ennsylvania	\$203,409	Alaska	\$189,108	Alaska	\$185,088	Pennsylvania	\$153,76		
Alaska	\$200,172	Alabama	\$178,878	Delaware	\$180,733	Georgia	\$151,29		
New York	\$192,500	New York	\$177,900	Pennsylvania	\$176,572	Nebraska	\$150,70		
Delaware	\$192,360	Tennessee	\$176,436	New York	\$174,000	Nevada	\$150,54		
/irginia	\$188,949	New Jersey	\$175,534	Tennessee	\$170,352	Virginia	\$149,40		
Connecticut	\$185,610	Connecticut	\$174,323	Connecticut	\$167,634	Utah	\$147,77		
New Jersey	\$185,482	Virginia	\$173,177	New Jersey	\$165,000	Louisiana	\$147,65		
Tennessee	\$182,508	Georgia	\$166,186	Virginia	\$162,878	Texas	\$146,78		
Alabama	\$180,005	Colorado	\$166,170	Nevada	\$160,000	Colorado	\$146,61		
Aaryland	\$176,433	Massachusetts	\$165,087	Arkansas	\$160,000	Missouri	\$145,82		
Aassachusetts	\$175,984	Nevada	\$165,000	Massachusetts	\$159,694	Hawaii	\$143,82		
Colorado	\$173,984	Washington	\$164,238	Colorado		District of Columbia			
Vashington		0			\$159,320		\$143,70		
Rhode Island	\$172,531	Maryland	\$163,633	Washington	\$156,363	lowa	\$143,56		
	\$172,422	Arkansas	\$161,500	Georgia	\$156,252	Wyoming	\$141,01		
owa	\$170,544	Utah	\$160,500	Rhode Island	\$155,235	Alabama	\$140,98		
Vissouri	\$170,292	Indiana	\$160,468	Maryland	\$154,433	Alaska	\$140,89		
Vevada	\$170,000	Texas	\$158,500	Nebraska	\$153,697	California	\$140,36		
Jtah	\$168,150	Nebraska	\$157,851	Utah	\$152,850	Washington	\$139,71		
Texas	\$168,000	Missouri	\$155,709	Wyoming	\$150,000	Florida	\$139,68		
Georgia	\$167,210	Iowa	\$154,556	Texas	\$149,000	Michigan	\$139,12		
Arkansas	\$166,500	Florida	\$154,140	Louisiana	\$148,108	Minnesota	\$138,87		
Vebraska	\$166,159	Louisiana	\$154,059	Missouri	\$146,803	Indiana	\$138,32		
ndiana	\$165,078	Minnesota	\$153,240	New Hampshire	\$146,236	Mississippi	\$136,70		
Nyoming	\$165,000	Michigan	\$151,441	Florida	\$146,080	Arizona	\$136,53		
Vichigan	\$164,610	Arizona	\$150,000	Arizona	\$145,000	Maryland	\$136,11		
_ouisiana	\$164,590	South Carolina	\$140,508	Iowa	\$143,897	New Jersey	\$135,88		
Vinnesota	\$162,630	Wisconsin	\$139,059	Minnesota	\$143,851	North Dakota	\$135,43		
=lorida	\$162,200	Mississippi	\$134,883	Michigan	\$139,919	South Carolina	\$135,13		
New Hampshire	\$155,907	North Carolina	\$134,109	Vermont	\$139,837	Oklahoma	\$134,48		
Arizona	\$155,000	Oregon	\$132,820	North Dakota	\$139,679	Kentucky	\$130,51		
North Dakota	\$152,436	Ohio	\$132,000	Indiana	\$137,062	Wisconsin	\$128,68		
Nisconsin	\$147,403	Kansas	\$131,518	South Carolina	\$136,905	West Virginia	\$128,54		
/ermont	\$147,095	Oklahoma	\$130,410	Alabama	\$134,943	Connecticut	\$125,64		
South Carolina	\$144,111	Kentucky	\$130,044	Oklahoma	\$131,835	North Carolina	\$124,25		
Aississippi	\$142,320	Idaho	\$130,000	Wisconsin	\$131,187	Ohio	\$123,22		
Dhio	\$141,600	New Mexico	\$124,616	Mississippi	\$128,042	South Dakota	\$122,84		
North Carolina	\$139,896			North Carolina	\$126,875	Idaho	\$122,48		
Oklahoma	\$137,655			Montana	\$126,131	Rhode Island	\$121,61		
Vontana	\$136,177			West Virginia	\$126,000	Montana	\$121,39		
West Virginia	\$136,000			Kentucky	\$124,620	Massachusetts	\$118,79		
Kansas	\$135,905			Oregon	\$124,468	Kansas	\$117,87		
Dregon	\$135,688			Idaho	\$124,000	New Hampshire	\$116,60		
Kentucky	\$135,504			South Dakota	\$123,024	New Mexico	\$114,24		
daho	\$135,000			Maine	\$121,472	New York	\$113,96		
South Dakota	\$131,713			Ohio	\$121,350	Vermont	\$113,03		
New Mexico	\$131,174			Kansas	\$120,037	Oregon	\$108,88		
Vaine	\$129,625			New Mexico		Maine			
viaine	Ψ129,020			New Mexico	\$118,385	Maine	\$99,55		
lean	\$165,922		\$159,484		\$149,392				
ledian	\$166,159		\$159,559		\$146,803				
Range <b>\$129,625 to</b>		¢124 616	to \$216,330	¢110 20E	to \$201,100				

Information in this *Survey* is collected from designated representatives in each state. The National Center for State Courts has protocols in place to help ensure the accuracy of the data that are collected, analyzed, and ultimately reported.

### Methodology

The *Survey of Judicial Salaries*, published for nearly 30 years by the National Center for State Courts (NCSC) with the support of state court administrative offices across the United States, serves as the primary record of compensation for state judicial officers and state court administrators.

This issue of the *Survey of Judicial Salaries* reports salary data as of July 1, 2015. This cutoff date is important because states implement salary changes at various points during the year. However, a standard and unchanging cutoff date must be established to publish salary data in a timely and predictable fashion. Due to recent changes in data-collection protocols and analytics, the NCSC is now able to report changes in state salaries more quickly. This will give policymakers who are considering changes in judicial compensation the most up-todate salary information at the national level.

This *Survey* was prepared by the Knowledge and Information Services (KIS) Office of the National Center for State Courts, with assistance from Visual Research

# Judicial Salary TRACKER

Updated interactive App that presents judicial salary data in clear visual displays.

# Which state's salaries have recovered from recession years?

# How do your state's salaries compare when adjusted for cost-of-living?



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